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Outcomes for healthcare undergraduates using wikis and MS PowerPoint in computer supported collaborative assessment: the influence of student approaches to learning

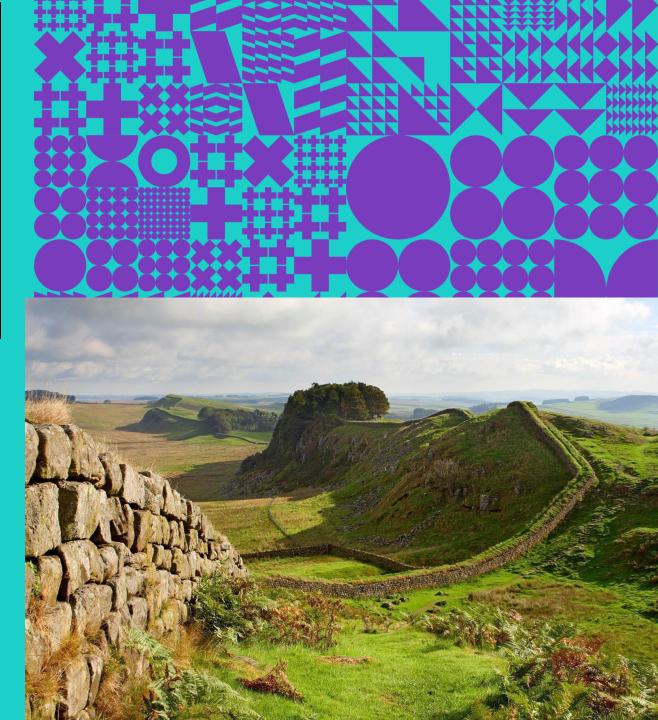
## lain MacDonald, Ph.D.

Programme Director,

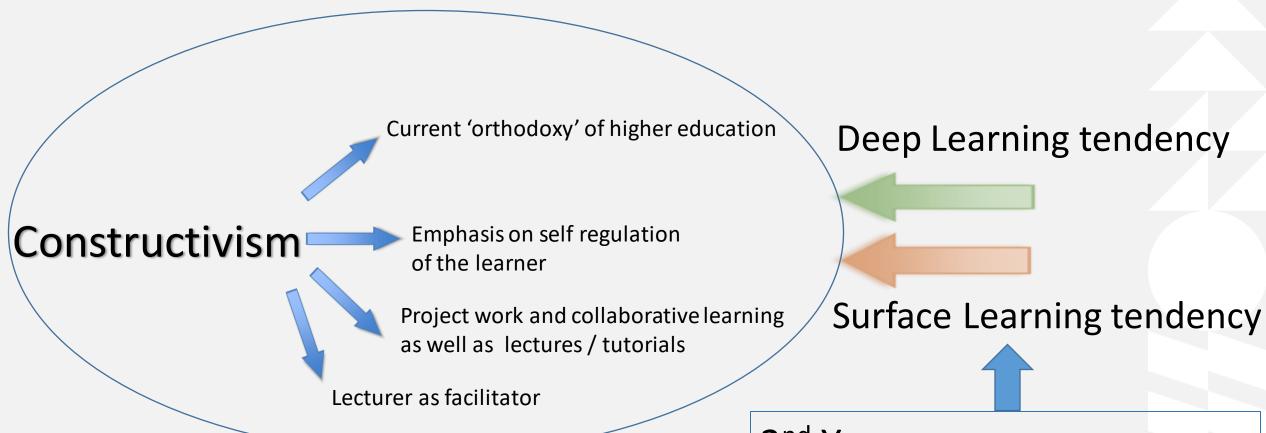
MSc Magnetic Resonance Imaging,
University of Cumbria

Carlisle, UK.





# Constructivism in education / Student Approach to Learning (SAL)



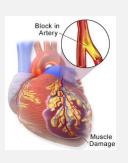
Knowles, 1975; Marton and Sãljo, 1976; Biggs,

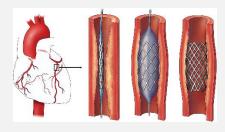
2003; Thomas, 2008. Johnston, 2010.

Entwistle, 2009.

2<sup>nd</sup> Year BSc Diagnostic Radiography students The established formative assessment – MS PowerPoint group

presentation











Heart disease



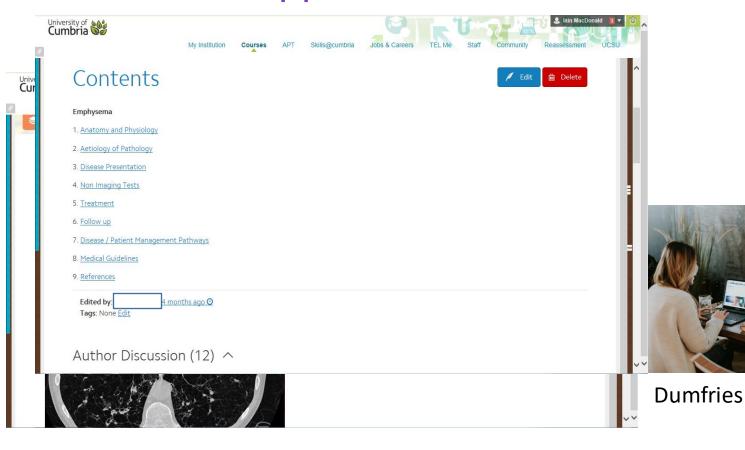






The wiki - Computer Supported Collaborative Learning (CSCL) -

the novel approach



Wiki - A 'web communication and collaboration tool that can be used to engage students with others in a collaborative environment' (Parker and Chao, 2006)



Carlisle

Sunderland

## Methods - Questionnaire

- Action research approach 2 cycles
- Online anonymous questionnaire learning approach (based on Entwistle's ASSIST – Approaches and study skills inventory for students, 1998)
  - Preconceptions of wiki and MS PowerPoint
  - Actual experience of carrying out wiki and MS PowerPoint
    - General views on collaborative learning
  - 'Open' text to encourage their own experience to emerge
- Selected upper quartile of surface learning tendency students (cycle 1 n= 8; cycle 2 n=5) and deep learning tendency students (cycle 1 n=8; cycle 2 n=5)

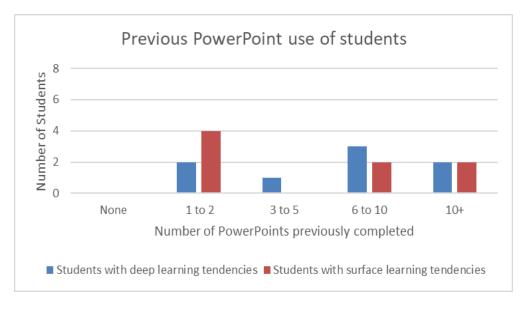
## Methods – Analysis

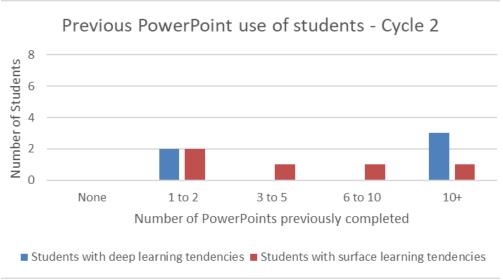
- Text analysis coded responses
- Cycle 1 3193 words / 798 quotations from the 16 participants.
- Atlas.ti software used excellent

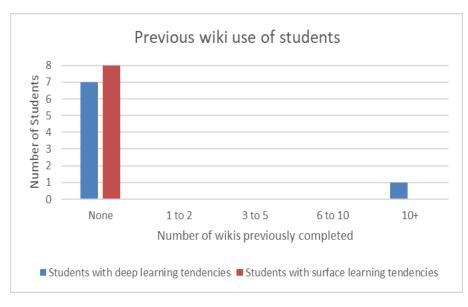
#### Themes:

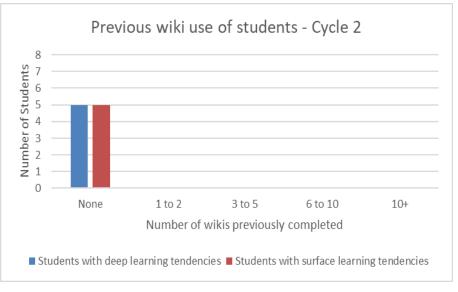
- 1. Confidence levels (7 codes)
- Division of the workload (8 codes)
- 3. Wiki production process (9 codes)
- 4. Team working/group dynamics (20 codes)
- 5. Learning specifically in groups (13 codes)
- 6. Formative assessment affordances (4 codes)
- 7. Specific affordances of wikis (18 codes)
- 8. Specific affordances of presentations (16 codes)

## Results



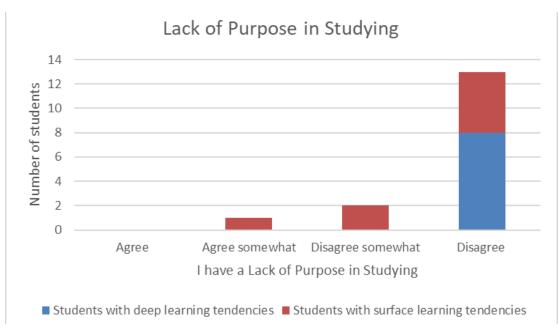




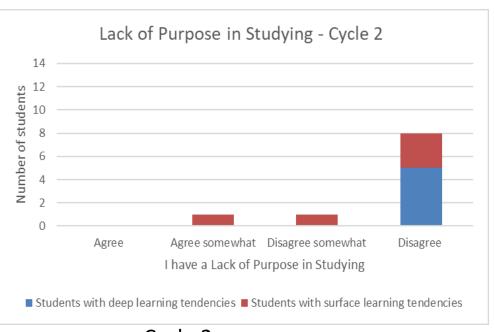


MS PowerPoint Wiki

## Results - 'I shouldn't have done this course'



Cycle 1



Cycle 2

# Cycle 1 Results

- MS PowerPoint gave much greater perceived greater level of socially constructed knowledge
- MS PowerPoint seen as challenging due to public performance but worthwhile skills learned
- Wiki a significant challenge to students unstructured, not used before
- Wiki software Surface learning tendency students found challenging
- Wiki Surface learning tendency found them less valuable than the MS PowerPoint presentations – 'poor use of time'

# Main changes for Cycle 2

#### Wiki:

- Structured template the same areas considered as the final summative assessment
- Choice of pathology
- Feedback more structured based on published criteria
- Longer and more in-depth practical session

#### **MS** PowerPoint:

Dedicated session on presentation skills

#### More generally:

- Emphasis on value of collaborative learning
- Encouragement of communication options e.g. WhatsApp / Messenger (experience from cycle 1)

# Cycle 2 Key Results

- Wiki more equivalent to MS PowerPoint in terms of socially constructed learning (deep and surface learning tendency students)
- No reports that wiki was poor use of time (more than half surface learning tendency students reported this in cycle 1)
- Fewer reports of software problems by surface learning tendency students (n=3 cycle 1; n=1 cycle 2)
- All surface learning tendency students satisfied with amount of collaborative activities (n=5/5) in the course.

# Cycle 2 Results - continued

- Consistent finding: Only deep learning tendency students discussed the affordance of online learning (cycle 1 n=4/8; cycle 2 n=2/5)
- Consistent finding: No discussion about producing MS PowerPoints
- Consistent finding: Anxiety Surface learning tendency students reported greater levels of anxiety with MS PowerPoint presentations

#### Consistent findings:

Written Feedback (wiki) welcomed by those with deep learning tendency particularly

Verbal feedback (presentations) compromised by stressful environment

### Discussion

- Student approach to learning can influence design of computer supported collaborative learning
- Surface learner attitude toward wiki was a concern but appeared to be able to be modified by use of extended practical online sessions
- Students appeared to welcome group work activities
- Relatively small sample size but could be scaled up
- Should we more frequently use student approach to learning (SAL) to configure groups?

## Summary

- The wiki nicely supplements other forms of formative assessment. Increases variety of assessment & improves inclusiveness of assessment
- An extended practice run in a computer lab with the group is highly recommended – particularly for surface learners
- Should be more understanding of the optimal methods of introducing novel technology enhanced assessment for all learning approaches – developing research in this area

**Acknowledgments:** anonymous students BSc Diagnostic Radiography, University of Cumbria, UK. Professor Don Passey, Educational Research, Lancaster University.



